



The LIFE Programme 2014-2020

Life Info day

Spain Tuesday 7 July 2015

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A new actor in LIFE: Executive Agency for Small and Medium-sized Enterprises

- One of 6 Executive Agencies of the EU
- Responsible for managing programmes for the European Commission since 2005 coupled with policy feedback and communication of results to the "parent" DGs
- Programmes managed: LIFE 2014-2017, CIP Eco-innovation, Intelligent Energy Europe, COSME), Horizon 2020 Energy, Environment and Resources and SME instrument, European Maritime and Fisheries Fund













Why LIFE?

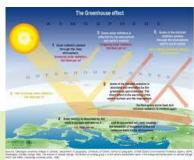
- LIFE is a catalyst: it provides a platform for the development and exchange of best practices and knowledge thereby improving, catalysing and accelerating changes;
- LIFE is the ideal instrument to show to regional and national authorities the benefits of investing in the environment sector and incentivising them to develop strategic frameworks for spending.
- LIFE has been successfully tested since 1992: positive feed-back and final evaluation















LIFE - Then and Now

- LIFE 1992-2013: more than 3100 projects in the fields of
 - nature & biodiversity
 - other environmental sectors and governance
 - environmental information
- LIFE 2014 to 2020, two sub-programmes for:
 - environment
 - climate action













LIFE 2014-2020 - Legal Framework

- The LIFE Regulation (EU Regulation 1293/2013 of 20/12/2013)
- The LIFE Multiannual Work Programme 2014-2017 (Commission Decision of 19/03/2014)
- The Action/Operating grant agreements of beneficiaries with the Contracting Authority (including General Conditions) or agreements of recipients with banks







LIFE 2014-2020 - Objectives

- contributing towards a resource-efficient, low-carbon and climate-resilient economy; protecting and improving the environment; maintaining and improving biodiversity, ecosystems and, in particular, the Natura 2000 network
- improving the development, implementation and enforcement of Union environmental and climate policy and legislation
- integrating and mainstreaming of environmental and climate objectives into other Union policies
- improving environmental and climate governance
- Implementing the 7th Environment Action Programme





LIFE 2014-2020 - Priority Areas

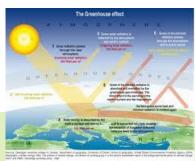
- Environment sub-programme
 - Environment & Resource Efficiency (ENV)
 - Nature & Biodiversity (NAT, BIO)
 - Environmental Governance & Information (GIE)
- Climate Action sub-programme
 - Climate Change Mitigation (CMM)
 - Climate Change Adaptation (CCA)
 - Climate Change Governance & Information (GIC)









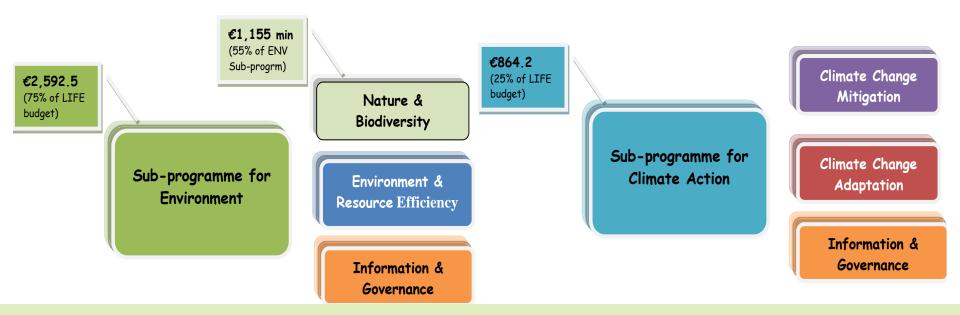






LIFE 2014-2020 - Structure

LIFE Programme €3,456.7 (2014-2020)







LIFE 2014-2020 - Budget

- Total budget of €3.5 billion
- For **projects** funded by action grants and financial instruments: **€2.8 billion** (81% of total)
 - Sub-programme for environment €2.1 billion for projects
 - Sub-programme for climate action €0.69 billion for projects
- Operating grants to environmental and climate NGOs €63 million





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LIFE 2015 - Budget

- Traditional projects:
 - Environment sub-programme ~ € 184 million
 - Climate action sub-programme ~ € 42 million
- Integrated projects:
 - Environment sub-programme ~ € 68 million
 - Climate action sub-programme ~ € 14 million







LIFE 2014-2020 – Geographical Coverage

Principle: Applicable where the Treaty on European Union applies

Participation:

- Certain Third Countries may participate on the basis of and in line with the conditions of a cooperation agreement
- Cooperation with International Organisations is possible when necessary to reach LIFE objectives





Activities outside of the EU

May be included if:

- Necessary to achieve Union environmental or climate objectives
- Necessary to ensure the effectiveness of interventions carried out in the Member States' territories to which the Treaties apply
- The Coordinating Beneficiary is established in the EU





LIFE - General features

- Applicants SME, NGO, public administrations active in the field of environment and climate protection
- Emphasis on replicability/transferability, longterm sustainability, and an EU added value of the project results
- Not focussed on research (⇔ H2020)
- No large infrastructure; not focussed on rural or regional development (agricultural, structural funds)
- Support and monitoring: From Contracting Authority (EASME or Commission) and external monitoring team





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- Funding types: Action grants, Operating grants, Innovative financial instruments => NCFF, PF4EE
- Projects Types: traditional, integrated, technical assistance, capacity building, preparatory projects
- Project topics: for traditional projects under the sub-programme for environment





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- Funding rate: in general 60% of eligible cost in the first 4 years; 100% for capacity building
- Actors: EASME for grants except environmental integrated projects and technical assistance under environment sub-programme, and preparatory projects; EIB/intermediary banks for financial instruments; intervention NCP only if desired
- National Allocations: Only for environment subprogramme, only until 2017





Tools: The "traditional" projects

For whom?

 Mainly SME, NGO, public administrations active in the field of environment and climate protection

For what?

- Pursuit of general and specific objectives of the 6 priority areas.
- Sub-programme for environment: additional focus on thematic priorities and on project topics (LIFE multiannual workprogramme for 2014-2017)

Average size?

1 to 5 beneficiaries; EU contribution: €500,000 to €1.5 million

Co-funding rate?

• 60%; NAT: for priority habitat/species: 75%



Important features

- Stronger emphasis on:
- Long term sustainability of the project
- Replicability and transferability
- EU added value
- New requirement Impact indicators*





Long Term Sustainability

- Sustainability of project results should be built in the proposal
- Potential to use project results beyond the project life time
- Particularly important for award criterion 1 Technical coherence and quality





Replicability and Transferability

- Go beyond dissemination of project results and sharing of knowledge
- Include activities and approaches integrated in project actions which aim to facilitate the replication and/or transfer of the project results beyond the project, including in other sectors, regions or countries





EU Added Value

- Each project should demonstrate EU Added Value in terms of:
- Objectives
- Replicability/Transferability and
- > Transnational scope





Impact Indicators

- LIFE Programme 2014-2020 puts an emphasis on impact/output indicators – to measure impact of each individual project
- Each project has to report on key indicators during and after the project end
- Social and economic indicators mandatory for ALL projects!





What's new in Call 2015 1/2

- Table on impact/output indicators across all priorities (ENV/NAT/CLIMA)
- Environmental benefits in Life Cycle Perspective/impact on the conservation status of habitats and species (AW3)
- Substantial activities to support replication and transferability <u>must</u> be included in work plan





What's new in Call 2015 2/2

- Simplification of Application forms (indicators of progress, specific constraints, expected results and deliverables)
- Improve consistency of evaluation guidelines
- ENV sub-programme: 2 project topics
- NAT proposals will have to include excel table with Concrete Conservation Actions and relative budget => verification of the 25% rule





Tools: Integrated projects (IPs)

For whom?

 Mainly public administrations and other entities active in the field of environment and climate protection and capable of coordinating, besides the IP, complementary actions co-funded by additional private, public (preferably EU) funds.

For what?

 Implementing Union environmental and climate plans and strategies (LIFE MAWP for 2014-2017); big scale; complementary actions with additional co-funding; involvement of stakeholders

Average size?

• 2 to 10 beneficiaries; EU contribution: €10 to 15 million; about 3 IPs per Member State.

Co-funding rate?

• 60%





Tools: Technical Assistance Project (TAs)

For whom?

 For those who would like to submit an IP, but need assistance in finalising the application

For what?

 Support in drafting the IP application; can be applied for a year before the intended IP or in the same year

Average size?

Maximum 1% of the allocation for IP's => maximum €100,000

Co-funding rate?

• 60%





Tools: Financial Instruments (FIs)

For whom?

Mainly for SMEs active in the field of environment and climate protection (NCFF), SME's, households, public administrations wishing to improve their energy efficiency (PF4EE)

For what?

Credits/bank guarantees/ ... for environment or climate **projects** (LIFE MAWP for 2014-2017)

Average size

1 recipient; EU contribution: €5 to 10 million (NCFF)





LIFE Call 2015 Indicative planning

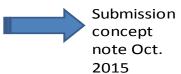
Traditional projects

Call published
1 June 2015

Submission Sept/Oct 2015-May 2015 2016 Reserve list grants signed May/June 2016

Integrated projects

Call published June 2015





Submission full proposal Apr. 2016









Thank you for your attention!

http://ec.europa.eu/environment/life/index.htm

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